

Problems from Section 1.2

10. (b)

| p | q | r | $(p - q) \wedge (q - r)$ | $q - r$ | $[(p - q) \wedge (q - r)] - (p - r)$ |
|-----|-----|-----|--------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| T | T | T | T | T | T |
| T | T | F | F | F | T |
| T | F | T | F | T | T |
| T | F | F | F | T | T |
| F | T | T | T | T | T |
| F | T | F | F | F | T |
| F | F | T | T | T | T |
| F | F | F | T | T | T |

For part (c) we have the following table.

| p | q | $p - q$ | $p \wedge (p - q)$ | $[p \wedge (p - q)] - q$ |
|-----|-----|---------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| T | T | T | T | T |
| T | F | F | F | T |
| F | T | T | F | T |
| F | F | T | F | T |

For part (d) we have the following table. We have omitted some of the intermediate steps to make the table fit.

| p | q | r | $(p \vee q) \wedge (p - r) \wedge (q - r)$ | $[(p \vee q) \wedge (p - r) \wedge (q - r)] - r$ |
|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| T | T | T | T | T |
| T | T | F | F | T |
| T | F | T | T | T |
| T | F | F | F | T |
| F | T | T | T | T |
| F | T | F | F | T |
| F | F | T | F | T |
| F | F | F | F | T |

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a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & [(\neg p \wedge (p \vee q)) \rightarrow q] \\
 & \equiv \neg [(\neg p \wedge (p \vee q)) \vee q] && (x \rightarrow y \equiv \neg x \vee y, \text{ Table 7}) \\
 & \equiv [(p \vee \neg(p \vee q)) \vee q] && (\text{DeMorgan's law}) \\
 & \equiv [(p \vee (\neg p \wedge \neg q)) \vee q] && (\text{DeMorgan's law}) \\
 & \equiv [(p \vee \neg p) \wedge (p \vee \neg q)] \vee q && (\text{Dist. Law}) \\
 & \equiv [T \wedge (p \vee \neg q)] \vee q && (\text{Negation Law}) \\
 & \equiv [(p \vee \neg q) \wedge T] \vee q && (\text{Commutative Law}) \\
 & \equiv [p \vee \neg q] \vee q && (\text{Identity Law}) \\
 & \equiv p \vee (\neg q \vee q) && (\text{Associative Law}) \\
 & \equiv p \vee T && (\text{Commutative and Negation Laws}) \\
 & \equiv T && (\text{Domination Laws})
 \end{aligned}$$